- 1 Education Cabinet
- 2 Kentucky Board of Education
- 3 **Department of Education**
- 4 (Amended After Hearing)
- 5 703 KAR 5:020. The formula for determining school accountability.
- 6 RELATES TO: KRS 158.645, 158.6451, 158.6453, 158.6455, 158.6457, 20 U.S.C. 6301
- 7 et seq.
- 8 STATUTORY AUTHORITY: KRS 156.029, 156.070, 158.6453, 158.6455
- 9 NECESSITY, FUNCTION, AND CONFORMITY: KRS 158.6455 requires the
- 10 Kentucky Board of Education to promulgate administrative regulations to establish a
- system for identifying and rewarding successful schools and to establish appropriate
- 12 consequences for schools failing to meet or exceed their assistance line. This
- administrative regulation establishes a single assessment system with two (2)
- accountability dimensions: one (1) addressing the requirements of KRS 158.6455 to
- determine school classifications, and a second addressing the conditions necessary to
- 16 conform to federal assessment and accountability requirements of the "No Child Left
- 17 Behind Act of 2001", 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.
- 18 Section 1. Assessments. (1) The Kentucky Department of Education shall administer the
- 19 Kentucky Core Content Tests and <u>commercially available</u> norm-referenced tests. The
- 20 Kentucky Core Content Tests shall be administered as follows:
- 21 (a) Reading at grades <u>3</u>, 4, <u>5</u>, <u>6</u>, <u>7</u>, <u>8</u>, and 10;

- 1 (b) Mathematics at grades 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 11;
- 2 (c) Science at grades 4, 7, and 11;
- 3 (d) Social studies at grades 5, 8, and 11;
- 4 (e) Arts and humanities at grades 5, 8, and 11;
- 5 (f) Practical living/vocational studies at grades 4, 7 [5, 8,] and 10;
- 6 (g) On-demand writing at grades 5, 8 [4, 7], and 12; and
- 7 (h) Writing portfolio at grades 4, 7, and 12; [and
- 8 [(i) Alternate portfolio at 4, 8, and the last anticipated year of attendance at the high
- 9 school level.
- 10 (2) The <u>commercially available</u> norm-referenced tests shall <u>include EXPLORE</u> at grade
- 8, PLAN at grade 10, and beginning in 2007-2008, the ACT at grade 11 and WorkKeys
- as an optional test at grades 10, 11, or 12 [be administered in reading/language arts and
- 13 mathematics at the end of primary, grade 6, and grade 9]. At the elementary level,
- districts shall identify a grade level, select a norm-referenced test (NRT) approved by the
- 15 Kentucky Department of Education, and administer the reading and mathematics
- 16 components. School and district results shall be publicly reported and individual student
- 17 results communicated to parents for all administered tests listed in this subsection. The
- 18 Kentucky Department of Education shall provide districts a per pupil allocation to
- support the purchase of the elementary school level norm-referenced test.
- 20 (3) Alternate assessment at grades 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, and 12 shall measure the same
- 21 content areas as state-required assessments.
- 22 [In order to comply with the "No Child Left Behind Act of 2001", 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.,
- 23 the Kentucky Department of Education shall augment the norm-referenced test to

1 appropriately measure Kentucky's core content in reading and mathematics at grades 2 three (3) and six (6). At grades five (5) and eight (8) an additional augmented norm-3 referenced test shall be administered in reading, and at grades four (4) and seven (7) an 4 additional augmented norm-referenced test shall be administered in mathematics]. 5 (4) Required participation in the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP). 6 If a school is selected by the U.S. Department of Education or its designated contractors 7 to participate in the state NAEP [National Assessment of Educational Progress] in 8 reading, mathematics, [and] science and writing at grades four (4) and eight (8), the 9 school shall participate fully. 10 Section 2. Academic and Nonacademic Index Calculations. (1) For purposes of 11 calculating a school's academic indices, the school shall be held accountable based on an 12 aggregated average of the performance of the elementary, middle, or high school students 13 who have been enrolled in the school for a full academic year in the accountability 14 grades. For state-required high school assessments administered in the fall, schools shall 15 be held accountable based on students who had [have] been enrolled for a full academic 16 year in the prior school year. The points assigned to students scoring at each student 17 achievement level and sublevel for purposes of computing the academic indices for a 18 particular content area shall include: 19 (a) Nonperformance - if a total open-response or writing prompt raw score of less than 20 one (1), and multiple-choice total raw score that is less than chance performance and the 21 score converts to less than medium novice, it shall be assigned a score of zero. For the 22 writing [or alternate] portfolio or the alternate assessment component, if a raw score is

- less than one (1) and the score converts to less than medium novice, it [, a blank or
- 2 <u>incomplete response</u>] shall be assigned a score of zero;
- 3 (b) Medium novice (reading, mathematics, science, social studies, [alternate portfolio],
- 4 writing on-demand prompt, writing portfolio, arts and humanities, practical living and
- 5 vocational studies <u>and alternate assessment</u>) shall be assigned a score of thirteen (13);
- 6 (c) High novice (reading, mathematics, science, [and-]social studies, writing on-demand,
- 7 <u>writing portfolio, and alternate assessment</u>) shall be assigned a score of twenty-six (26);
- 8 (d) Low apprentice (reading, mathematics, science, [and] social studies, writing on-
- 9 <u>demand, writing portfolio, and alternate assessment</u>) shall be assigned a score of forty
- 10 (40);
- 11 (e) Medium apprentice (reading, mathematics, science, social studies, [alternate
- 12 portfolio, writing on-demand [prompt], writing portfolio, arts and humanities, practical
- 13 living and vocational studies, and alternate assessment) shall be assigned a score of sixty
- 14 (60);
- 15 (f) High apprentice (reading, mathematics, science, [and-]social studies, writing on-
- demand, writing portfolio, and alternate assessment) shall be assigned a score of eighty
- 17 (80);
- 18 (g) Proficient in all content areas shall be assigned a score of 100, and [or] distinguished
- in all content areas shall be assigned a score of 140.
- 20 (2) For all content areas in grades 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, and 12, except arts and
- 21 humanities, practical living and vocational studies, and writing on-demand, [in grades 4,
- 22 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, and 12, the scores derived from the Kentucky Core Content Test shall be
- based on a scoring method that assigns fifty (50)[sixty-seven (67)] percent of the weight

- of the scores from open-response items and fifty (50) [thirty-three (33)] percent of the
- 2 weight from multiple-choice items.
- 3 (3) For grade three (3) content areas of reading and mathematics, and for grades five (5),
- 4 eight (8), and eleven (11) content area of arts and humanities, the scores derived from the
- 5 Kentucky Core Content Test shall be based on a scoring method that assigns thirty-three
- 6 (33) percent of the weight of the scores from the open-response items and sixty-seven
- 7 (67) percent of the weight from multiple-choice items. The writing score shall be based
- 8 on a scoring method in which the on-demand writing [prompt] and the writing portfolio
- 9 each shall contribute fifty (50) percent to the writing index. Practical living and
- 10 <u>vocational studies shall be based only on multiple-choice items</u>.
- 11 (4)[(3)] The values for attendance rate [and successful transition to adult life rate] shall be
- the actual percentage reported. The values entered into formula calculations for retention
- rate at elementary and middle school and dropout rate at middle school shall be 100
- minus the actual percentage calculated.
- 15 (5) Beginning with reporting in 2008-2009, graduation rate at high school shall be used
- 16 for retention and dropout calculations and shall be calculated as required by the "No
- 17 Child Left Behind Act of 2001", 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq. Kentucky values shall be added
- 18 to the graduation rate as follows:
- 19 (a) students receiving Certificates of Attainment shall earn one (1) point;
- 20 (b) students graduating by age 21 shall earn one (1) point;
- 21 (c) students completing a secondary GED shall earn one-half (.50) point; and
- 22 (d) students graduating in three (3) years or less as defined in the student's Individual
- 23 Learning Plan shall earn an additional one-half (.50) point for a total of 1.5 points.

- 1 (6) High School nonacademic data shall include transition to adult life data.
- 2 (7) Beginning with reporting in 2008-2009, the values for transition to adult life shall be
- 3 a system of base and bonus points. The points shall be based upon those graduating
- 4 students who have a completed Individual Learning Plan (ILP) and those graduates who:
- 5 (a) meet or exceed the ACT benchmarks set by the Council on Post-Secondary
- 6 Education;
- 7 (b) have indicated a workforce or military career path on their Individual Learning Plan
- 8 (ILP) and earn a silver level Kentucky Employability Certificate; or
- 9 (c) meet or exceed the transition criteria for the Kentucky Certificate of Attainment;
- 10 [divided by twice the number of graduates].
- 11 (8) A bonus point shall be added to the transition to adult life calculation for each
- 12 graduate who:
- 13 (a) passes three (3) Advanced Placement exams with scores of three (3) or greater;
- 14 (b) receives an International Baccalaureate Diploma;
- 15 (c) receives a Commonwealth Diploma;
- 16 (d) receives a National Merit Finalist designation; or
- 17 (e) has an Individual Learning Plan (ILP) that indicates a workforce or military career
- path and who earns [earn]:
- 19 (i) a gold level Kentucky Employability Certificate;
- 20 (ii) a Kentucky Occupational Skill Standards Certificate; or
- 21 (iii) national industry certification.

- 1 (9) [(10)] Bonus points shall be added to the base transition to adult life calculation.
- 2 Bonus and base points shall be divided by twice the number of graduates and capped
- at one hundred (100) points.
- 4 (10) [(11)] Nonacademic data for a particular assessment year shall be calculated using
- 5 the data from the previous school year. Nonacademic data shall be based on all grades
- 6 within a school building generating appropriate data as follows:
- 7 (a) Attendance, primary through grade twelve (12);
- 8 (b) Retention rates, grades four (4) through <u>eight (8)</u> [twelve (12)];
- 9 (c) Dropout rates, grades seven (7) through eight (8) [twelve (12)]; [and]
- 10 (d) Graduation rate that reflects dropout and retention, [for] grades nine (9) through
- 11 twelve (12); and
- 12 (e) Successful transition to adult life for the graduating students.
- 13 (11) [(12)] Scores from alternate assessments [portfolios] shall be included in the
- academic indices so that the data from an alternate <u>assessment</u> [portfolios] completed by
- a student eligible to participate [with an alternate portfolio] contributes the same weight
- to the academic component of the accountability index as would the data for a student
- participating in the regular components of the assessment program [at the elementary,
- 18 middle, or high school levels]. The same requirement shall be applied to calculations
- required by "No Child Left Behind Act of 2001" 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.
- 20 Section 3. Components of the Accountability Index and Weights. (1) The accountability
- 21 index shall consist of academic indices and the nonacademic index for elementary,
- 22 middle, and high schools. High schools [two (2) components. Component one (1)
- 23 consists of academic indices and the nonacademic index. Component two (2) shall have

- an additional component, [be] an index created from the PLAN and ACT[a national norm-
- 2 reference test (NRT). Component one (1) shall comprise ninety-five (95) percent of the
- 3 total index. Component two (2) shall comprise five (5) percent of the index].
- 4 (2) The accountability index shall be rounded to the nearest tenth on the accountability
- 5 scale.
- 6 (3) Computing the academic index for each of the content areas of writing, reading,
- 7 mathematics, science, social studies, arts and humanities, and practical living and
- 8 vocational studies shall be based on the average of student scores as described in Section
- 9 2(1) of this administrative regulation. [Component one (1) of] The accountability index
- of each elementary and middle school shall be calculated according to the following
- 11 weights:
- 12 (a) Elementary school (grades end of primary grade five 5)

Content Area	[Component	Weight[Component				
	One	One and Two				
	(Without NRT)	(With NRT)				
Reading	[20%]	22.00%[19.00%]				
Mathematics	[20%]	22.00%[19.00%]				
Science	[15%]	14.50%[14.25%]				
Social studies	[15%]	14.50%[14.25%]				
[Writing (15%)]						
Writing On-Demand [Prompt]	[3%]	7.25%[2.85%]				
Writing Portfolio	[12%]	7.25%[11.40%]				
Arts and Humanities	[5%]	<u>5.00%[4.75%</u>]				
Practical Living and Vocational	[5%]	5.00%[4.75%]				
Studies						
[Nonacademic Index (5%)]						
Attendance Rate	[4%]	1.50%[3.80%]				
Retention Rate	[1%]	1.00%[0.95%]				
[National-Norm-referenced Test]	[(Not	[5.00%]				
	Applicable)					
	[100%]	100.00%				

13 (b) Middle school (grades 6 - 8)

Content Area	[Component	Weights[Component				
	One	One and Two				
	(Without NRT)	(With NRT)]				
Reading	[15%]	19.00%[14.25%]				
Mathematics	[15%]	<u>19.00%[</u> 14.25%]				
Science	[15%]	15.00%[14.25%]				
Social studies	[15%]	15.00%[14.25%]				
[Writing (15%)]						
Writing On-Demand [Prompt]	[3%]	7.50%[2.85%]				
Writing Portfolio	[12%]	7.50%[11.40%]				
Arts and Humanities	[7.5%]	6.75%[7.125%]				
Practical Living and Vocational	[7.5%]	6.75%[7.125%]				
Studies						
[Nonacademic Index (10%)]						
Attendance Rate	[4%]	2.00%[3.80%]				
Retention Rate	[4%]	1.00%[3.80%]				
Dropout Rate	[2%]	0.50%[1.90%][
[National-Norm-referenced Test]	[(Not	[5.00%]				
	Applicable)					
	[100%]	100%				

(c) High school (grades 9 - 12)

Content Area	[Component	Weight[Component				
	One	One and Two				
	(Without NRT)	(With NRT)]				
Reading	[15%]	14.00%[14.25%]				
Mathematics	[15%]	14.00%[14.25%]				
Science	[15%]	14.00%[14.25%]				
Social studies	[15%]	14.00%[14.25%]				
[Writing (15%)]						
Writing On-Demand [Prompt]	[3%]	7.00%[2.85%]				
Writing Portfolio	[12%]	7.00% [11.40%]				
Arts and Humanities	[7.5%]	7.00% [7.125%]				
Practical Living and Vocational	[7.5%]	7.00% [7.125%]				
Studies						
[Nonacademic Index (10%)]						
Attendance Rate	[2%]	3.00%[1.90%]				
Graduation Rate[Retention Rate]	[0.5%]	4.00%[0.48%]				
[Dropout Rate]	[3.75%]	[3.56%]				
Successful Transition to Adult Life	[3.75%]	4.00%[3.56%]				
ACT Index[National Norm-	[(Not	5.00%				
referenced Test]	Applicable)]					
	[100%]	100%				

- 1 (4) The academic index for each content area and the nonacademic index shall be
- 2 determined by summing their components [the indices] as described in this section.
- 3 (5) [Component one (1) of] The accountability index for all grade ranges shall be
- 4 calculated by aggregating the data from all of the students in the school.
- 5 (6) [Component two (2) of] The high school accountability index shall include beginning
- 6 in 2006-2007 the PLAN and beginning in 2007-2008 both PLAN and ACT [be derived]
- 7 from the national norm-referenced assessment as follows:
- 8 (a) Student performance standards comparable to those used in <u>academic indices</u>
- 9 [component one (1)] and described in Section 2 of this administrative regulation shall be
- applied to composite scores as follows: [established by the end of the year 2000].

PLAN Ranges	0-3	<u>4-6</u>	<u>7-9</u>	<u>10-12</u>	<u>13-15</u>	<u>16-17</u>	18-24	<u>25-32</u>
ACT Ranges	<u>0-3</u>	<u>4-7</u>	<u>8-11</u>	<u>12-14</u>	<u>15-17</u>	<u>18-20</u>	21-27	<u>28-36</u>
Weight	0	<u>13</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>140</u>

- 11 [The Kentucky Board of Education shall review recommendations and advice
- 12 regarding a process for generating an ACT index from the National Technical
- 13 Advisory Panel for Assessment and Accountability, the School Curriculum,
- 14 Assessment and Accountability Council, the Office of Education Accountability, and
- 15 the Local Superintendents Advisory Council and shall establish a process to provide
- 16 schools and districts an ACT index created from weights assigned to ranges of
- 17 **student performance for PLAN and ACT.**]
- 18 (b) Scores shall be associated with each performance level as described in Section 2 of
- 19 this administrative regulation; and
- 20 (c) The ACT [(c) The component two (2)] index shall be based on the average of the
- 21 indices beginning in 2007-2008 for both PLAN and ACT composite scores.

1 Section 4. Schools Not Conforming to the Standard Grade Configuration. (1) For the 2 Kentucky Core Content Test, if a school does not have grades three (3), four (4), and five 3 (5) at the elementary level, grades six (6), seven (7), and eight (8) at the middle school, or 4 grades nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), and twelve (12) at the high school, the school shall 5 be combined with the school or schools having the missing grade(s) its students 6 previously attended or would subsequently attend, forming a single school accountability 7 unit, for both state and federal school accountability purposes. 8 [(2) A school that does not contain a grade at which the national norm-referenced test is 9 administered shall have its accountability index calculated using only the weights 10 specified as component one (1) of the index in Section 3 of this administrative regulation. 11 Schools that have more than 1 grade at which the national norm-referenced test is 12 administered shall have those grades combined to form the basis for component two (2) 13 of the calculations described in Section 3 of this administrative regulation. 14 (2)[(3)] A school or school district may request a waiver of the requirement 15 [requirements] of subsection [subsections] (1) [and (2)] of this section or from the normal 16 configuration of schools (elementary, middle, or high school) from the Kentucky Board 17 of Education specifying other combinations of schools and assessment data if all students 18 in an accountability grade are included, and all schools are accountable for all content 19 areas assessed. A condition for the granting of a waiver shall be that each affected school 20 and school district shall waive in writing its right to make the school configuration for 21 which it sought a waiver the basis of a subsequent appeal of a school's classification. A 22 waiver request shall be received by the Kentucky Department of Education by June 30 of 23 the year prior to the biennium for which the waiver is requested.

- 1 Section 5. Schools Having More than One (1) Accountability Level. If a school has more
- 2 than one (1) accountability level, the school's accountability index shall be the average of
- 3 the academic and nonacademic data for the school. This average accountability index
- 4 shall be applied toward making adequate yearly progress decisions.
- 5 Section 6. School Service Area Reconfigurations. (1) If as a result of a change in service
- 6 area boundaries or local board of education policies affecting student population served
- by a school, less than eighty (80) percent of a school's student population at its
- 8 accountability grades is stable, the school shall be considered a reconfigured school. To
- 9 determine if eighty (80) percent of the population is stable, the number of students in the
- stable population shall be divided by the sum of that number, plus the lost population,
- plus the gained population. If the result is less than eight-tenths (.8), the school shall be
- 12 considered a reconfigured school.
- 13 (2) Schools reconfigured after the 1998-1999 school year shall be assigned a baseline
- calculated from the 1998-1999 and 1999-2000 aggregate district level data for the
- appropriate level (elementary, middle, or high school). <u>Calculations shall be based on</u>
- appropriate weights used in reporting prior to 2006-2007.
- 17 (3) A school district shall notify the Department of Education of any school that is
- planning for the upcoming school year to be a reconfigured school as provided in this
- administrative regulation by June 30 prior to the beginning of the school year in which
- 20 the reconfiguration is to occur.
- 21 (a) For the purpose of assigning a school classification of meets goal, progressing, or in
- 22 need of assistance, a school that is considered a reconfigured school in either year of a
- biennium after 2000 on which accountability decisions are based shall have the

1 performance judgment that would have applied to the district at that level (elementary, 2 middle, or high school), if separate decisions (elementary, middle, or high school) were 3 to be applied at the district level. In the alternative, a school district may submit to the 4 Department of Education a plan for reconstituting baseline data taking into consideration 5 the changes in service areas. The plan shall assure that local district calculations are 6 accurate and appropriately include all student data in both baseline and growth index 7 calculations. The plan shall be submitted to the Department of Education at the same time 8 the district notifies the Department of Education of the school reconfiguration. If the 9 Department of Education approves the plan, it shall become effective and shall remain in 10 effect unless a specific waiver from this reconfiguration arrangement is requested from 11 and granted by the Kentucky Board of Education as provided in this administrative 12 regulation. This alternative shall not be implemented until the affected schools have a 13 complete biennium of data to be considered in the growth calculations. A condition for 14 acceptance of the plan shall be that each affected school and school district shall waive in 15 writing its right to make the plan the basis of a subsequent appeal of a school's 16 classification. 17 (b) To determine whether a reconfigured school meets adequate yearly progress for the 18 first three (3) years the school is reconfigured, the determination shall be made based on 19 whether the school meets the annual measurable objectives established in reading and 20 mathematics and has a participation rate for the school and its subpopulations of 21 sufficient size identified in 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq., of at least ninety-five (95) percent. 22 Beginning with the fourth year of the school's reconfiguration, the school shall meet all

- requirements for making adequate yearly progress as provided in Section 10(2) of this administrative regulation.
- 3 (c) In the alternative to paragraph (b) of this subsection, a school district may submit to
- 4 the Department of Education a plan for reconstituting data necessary to determine
- 5 whether a reconfigured school has met all requirements for meeting adequate yearly
- 6 progress taking into consideration the changes in service areas. The plan shall assure that
- 7 local district calculations are accurate and appropriately include all student data in annual
- 8 calculations. The plan shall be submitted to the Department of Education at the same time
- 9 the district notifies the Department of Education of the school reconfiguration. If the
- Department of Education approves the plan, it shall become effective and shall remain in
- effect unless a specific waiver from this reconfiguration arrangement is requested from
- and granted by the Kentucky Board of Education as provided in this administrative
- regulation. This alternative shall be implemented the year of the reconfiguration.
- 14 (4) A school that has contained more than one (1) level (elementary, middle, or high
- school) and is reconfigured by removing an entire level of the accountability grades may
- request that the portion of the school remaining stable be considered within the
- accountability system using its established historical data.
- 18 (5) A school in transition because of a new building or a new policy affecting population
- served and being phased in may request that the Department of Education establish data
- 20 to maintain the continuity of accountability data if the request does not require the
- 21 tracking of individual student data. This request shall require the approval of each
- affected school council, or the principal, if a school does not have a council, and the local
- board of education upon the recommendation of the superintendent.

- 1 Section 7. Accountability Procedures. (1) To establish expected levels of growth for each
- 2 school, a straight line shall be drawn from a school's baseline minus one (1) standard
- 3 error of measurement established in the 1998-1999 and 1999-2000 biennium to the state
- 4 goal of a growth accountability index of one hundred (100) minus one (1) standard error
- 5 of measurement by 2014.
- 6 (2) There shall be five (5) points of school recognition. These shall be determined from
- 7 the baseline data (school years 1998-1999 and 1999-2000) so that at least ten (10) percent
- 8 of the schools fall below the first point of recognition and the fifth recognition point shall
- 9 be set at one hundred (100) on the accountability index scale, with the remaining points
- being established at equal whole number intervals between the high and the low.
- 11 Section 8. School Classifications Recognizing Growth. (1) To determine if a school is
- classified as meets goal, progressing, or in need of assistance, the school's growth
- accountability index for a biennium shall be compared to the corresponding goal point
- 14 and assistance point.
- 15 (2) A school shall be classified as meets goal if the school's growth accountability index
- meets or exceeds its goal point and meets the dropout and novice reduction requirements
- 17 of this section.
- 18 (3) To receive rewards under the provisions of this administrative regulation, a school
- shall have a biennial dropout rate less than or equal to three (3)[five] and five[three]-
- tenths (3.5) [(5.3)] percent, or a dropout rate that is at least one-half (1/2) of one (1)
- 21 percent lower than its dropout rate of the previous biennium. The annual average dropout
- rate shall include students as provided in KRS 158.6455 (1)(b). A school shall not
- receive rewards if its dropout rate exceeds five (5)[six (6)] percent. If a school is

- 1 reconfigured for a biennium, the school shall receive the aggregate district dropout rate
- 2 for the biennium.
- 3 (4) To receive rewards under this administrative regulation, a school shall reduce the
- 4 percent of novices on a schedule so that by the target biennium, the school shall have five
- 5 (5) percent or less of its students scoring in the novice range of performance. The percent
- of novices shall be calculated to be reflective of the weights in Section 3 of this
- 7 administrative regulation. The schedule shall be calculated by subtracting five (5) from
- 8 the baseline percent novice and dividing this value by seven (7). The maximum allowable
- 9 percent novice for each biennium shall be calculated as follows:
- 10 (a) Year 2002 = baseline percent novice minus the required novice reduction factor;
- 11 (b) Year 2004 = baseline percent novice minus the required novice reduction factor
- multiplied by two (2); and
- 13 (c) Year 2006 = baseline percent novice minus the required novice reduction factor
- multiplied by three (3)[;
- 15 (d) Year 2008 = baseline percent novice minus the required novice reduction factor
- 16 multiplied by four (4);
- 17 (e) Year 2010 = baseline percent novice minus the required novice reduction factor
- multiplied by five (5);
- 19 (f) Year 2012 = baseline percent novice minus the required novice reduction factor
- 20 multiplied by six (6); and
- 21 (g) Year 2014 = baseline percent novice minus the required novice reduction factor
- 22 multiplied by seven (7)].

- 1 (5) A school shall be classified as a progressing school if the school's growth
- 2 accountability index falls below its goal point and meets or exceeds its assistance point.
- 3 A progressing school shall obtain an accountability index greater than that which it
- 4 obtained in the previous biennium to earn a reward and other recognition as a progressing
- 5 school.
- 6 (6) A school shall be classified as in need of assistance school if the school's growth
- 7 accountability index falls below its assistance point. A school classified as being in need
- 8 of assistance shall be eligible to apply for commonwealth school improvement funds and
- 9 may be subject to a scholastic audit.
- 10 (7) In 2002, the highest scoring five (5) percent of all schools shall be designated as
- commonwealth pace-setter schools if they have met or exceeded the fourth point of
- recognition and if they meet the dropout rate and novice reduction requirements of this
- section. [This calculation shall be based on the total accountability index of the school
- 14 regardless of whether one (1), multiple, or no grades at which the norm-referenced test is
- 15 administered are included.] If not otherwise receiving rewards in recognition for growth,
- a commonwealth pace-setter school shall receive one (1) share of rewards. In addition, to
- be classified as a pace-setter school beginning with the biennium ending in 2004, a
- school shall not have declined in both of the two (2) previous biennia. The rewards that
- may be due a school for having passed a higher point of recognition shall be given in
- addition to this amount.
- 21 Section 9. Reward Amounts. (1) There shall be two (2) levels of rewards for growth. A
- school classified as meets goal in accordance with Section 8(2) of this administrative
- 23 regulation shall earn three (3) shares of rewards. A school classified as progressing in

- accordance with Section 8(5) of this administrative regulation shall earn one-half (1/2)
- 2 share of rewards.
- 3 (2) A special one (1) time reward amount shall be distributed to schools as they meet or
- 4 exceed school recognition points. These schools shall receive one (1) share of rewards
- 5 and other forms of recognition as determined by the Kentucky Board of Education for
- 6 meeting or exceeding each school recognition point.
- 7 (3) If a school passes two (2) or more of the school recognition points, in one (1)
- 8 biennium, the reward shall be cumulative. A school shall be awarded these amounts only
- 9 one (1) time for meeting or passing each point. A school earning this reward and
- subsequently falling below a recognition point shall not earn the reward for passing the
- 11 point again.
- 12 (4) A school shall earn a recognition point reward based on where its baseline falls and
- shall not receive rewards for meeting or exceeding school recognition points below its
- 14 baseline index.
- 15 (5) The total amount of rewards to be distributed to schools and school districts earning
- rewards shall not exceed one and three-fourths (1 3/4) percent of the amount of funds
- paid to certified personnel within Kentucky's public schools during the last year of the
- accountability cycle. The total number of shares earned shall be divided into the amount
- determined pursuant to the subsection to determine the per share reward amount;
- 20 however, a reward share shall not exceed \$2000. A reward share shall be distributed to a
- 21 school that meets the requirements for rewards as specified in Section 8 of this
- administrative regulation. The number of shares earned shall be multiplied by the total

- 1 number of certified staff, as provided in KRS 158.6455 and subsection (6) of this section,
- 2 to determine the final reward amount, as follows:
- 3 (a) Meets goal: number of certified full-time equivalent (FTE) staff times three (3)
- 4 shares;
- 5 (b) Progressing: number of certified full-time equivalent (FTE) staff times one-half (1/2)
- 6 share;
- 7 (c) Pass one (1) school recognition point: number of certified full-time equivalent (FTE)
- 8 staff times one (1) share; and
- 9 (d) Pace setter: number of certified full-time equivalent (FTE) staff times one (1) share.
- 10 (6) Beginning with rewards issued at the close of the 1999-2000 school year, a school
- shall earn rewards for use in the school based on the number of certified staff assigned to
- the school at the close of the biennium. A reward amount shall be determined based on
- the number of verified certified staff assigned to the school or combinations of schools
- earning the reward. A reward amount for part-time and itinerant staff shall be calculated
- based on the proportion of time spent in the school.
- 16 Section 10. School Accountability Requirements of the "No Child Left Behind Act of
- 17 2001". (1) For the purpose of determining whether a school has met the annual
- measurable objectives in reading or mathematics, the Kentucky Department of Education,
- using reading and mathematics data from the 2001-2002 school year, shall establish a
- single starting point for each content area at each accountability level (elementary,
- 21 middle, or high school) measuring the percentage of students meeting or exceeding the
- state's proficient level of academic achievement on the state assessments. The starting
- points for each accountability level shall be the percentage of students at or above the

- 1 proficient level who are in the school at the 20th percentile in the state, based on
- 2 enrollment, among all schools ranked by the percentage of students at or above the
- 3 proficient level.
- 4 (2) For purposes of determining adequate yearly progress, a school shall be held
- 5 accountable based on an aggregated average of the performance of the elementary,
- 6 middle, or high school students who have been enrolled in the school for a full academic
- 7 year in the accountability grades and producing school level accountability statistics
- 8 including:
- 9 (a) Percent proficient and above in reading and mathematics;
- 10 (b) School classification criteria as described in subsection (5)(b) of this section;
- 11 (c) Graduation rates; and,
- 12 (d) Participation rates.
- 13 (3) If a school does not meet an annual measurable objective based on the current year
- aggregated average of the performance of the elementary, middle, or high school
- students, the aggregated average may be computed based on the most recent two (2) or
- three (3) years of student performance data in reading and mathematics [The aggregated
- 17 average shall be computed based on the most recent two (2) years of student performance
- data in reading and mathematics from the Kentucky Core Content Test.
- 19 (4) These statistics shall be used to determine if a school has met adequate yearly
- 20 progress as measured against the annual measurable objectives established in Section
- 21 10(11) of this administrative regulation.
- 22 (5) Meeting adequate yearly progress. Schools shall be determined to have made
- 23 adequate yearly progress for a school year if:

- 1 (a) The school and all subpopulations of sufficient size identified in 20 U.S.C. 6301 et
- 2 seq., met district annual measurable objectives in both reading and mathematics or met
- 3 the conditions described as "safe harbor" in 703 KAR 5:001;
- 4 (b) The school had a school classification of any category of progressing or meets goal in
- 5 the CATS biennial or midpoint classification, whichever occurred more recently, at the
- 6 elementary and middle school accountability levels; or for a school in the assistance
- 7 category which demonstrates growth in the accountability index at or above the state
- 8 average for the specific grade level configuration as defined in 703 KAR 5:001;
- 9 (c) The school demonstrated progress or met the annual goal for graduation rate as
- 10 defined in 703 KAR 5:001; and
- 11 (d) The school had a participation rate of at least ninety-five (95) percent of the enrolled
- students and ninety-five (95) percent of each subpopulation of sufficient size identified in
- 13 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq. Participation rate may be computed for the current year or, as an
- average of the most recent two (2) or three (3) years, to reach ninety-five (95) percent.
- 15 [Participation rate shall be computed as an average of the most recent two (2) years, to
- 16 reach ninety-five (95) percent.
- 17 (6) No child left behind (NCLB) improvement school determination. A school shall be
- identified as a "NCLB improvement school" if for two (2) consecutive years the school
- 19 fails to make adequate yearly progress in the same content area as defined in 703 KAR
- 20 5:001 reading or mathematics.
- 21 (7) Reward or recognition. For a school meeting adequate yearly progress for two (2)
- consecutive years in both reading and mathematics, it shall receive a reward or
- 23 recognition from the Department of Education as determined on an annual basis.

1 (8) Before identifying a school as a no child left behind improvement school and 2 implementing consequences required by 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq., the local school district 3 shall provide the school with an opportunity to review the school-level data on which the 4 proposed identification is based. Not later than thirty (30) days after the district provides 5 the school with the opportunity to review such school-level data, the district shall make 6 public a final determination on the status of the school with respect to the identification. 7 (9) Confidence intervals. A school shall be considered to have met the annual measurable 8 objective in reading or mathematics if: 9 (a) The percent of students scoring proficient or above in a school meets or exceeds the 10 annual measurable objective in reading or mathematics; or 11 (b) The annual measurable objective falls within the ninety-nine (99) percent confidence 12 interval placed around the school's percent of students proficient and above. If more than 13 the current year aggregated average of the performance of the elementary, middle, or 14 high school students is used to compute an annual measurable objective, the confidence 15 interval shall also be based upon the same most recent two (2) or three (3) years of 16 student performance data upon which the aggregated average is based. [The confidence 17 interval shall also be based upon the same most recent two (2) years of student 18 performance data upon which the aggregated average is based.] 19 (10) Students included in participation rates. A student enrolled in a Kentucky public 20 school on the first day of the testing window for the school shall be included in the 21 calculation of the participation rates for the total population and for each subpopulation 22 of sufficient size identified in 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.

- 1 (11) Students included in determining whether a school meets annual measurable
- 2 objectives. Beginning with data from the 2003-2004 school year, a student enrolled in a
- 3 school for a full academic year shall be included in the school calculation of the percent
- 4 of students performing at the proficient level or above in both reading and mathematics
- 5 for purposes of federal accountability decisions.
- 6 (12) Annual Measurable Objectives in Reading and Mathematics 2003 through 2014. The
- 7 annual measurable objectives for reading and mathematics shall be as follows.

	Element	ary	Middle	Middle High		Primary-08		Primary-12		7-12		
Year	Reading	Math	Reading	Math	Reading	Math	Reading	Math	Reading	Math	Reading	Math
2001-02	47.27	22.45	45.60	16.49	19.26	19.76	46.44	19.47	37.38	19.57	32.43	18.13
2002-03	47.27	22.45	45.60	16.49	19.26	19.76	46.44	19.47	37.38	19.57	32.43	18.13
2003-04	47.27	22.45	45.60	16.49	19.26	19.76	46.44	19.47	37.38	19.57	32.43	18.13
2004-05	53.86	32.14	52.40	26.93	29.35	29.79	53.14	29.54	45.21	29.62	40.88	28.36
2005-06	53.86	32.14	52.40	26.93	29.35	29.79	53.14	29.54	45.21	29.62	40.88	28.36
2006-07	53.86	32.14	52.40	26.93	29.35	29.79	53.14	29.54	45.21	29.62	40.88	28.36
2007-08	60.45	41.84	59.20	37.37	39.45	39.82	59.83	39.6 <u>0</u>	53.04	39.68	49.32	38.60
2008-09	67.04	51.53	66.00	47.81	49.54	49.85	66.53	49.67	60.86	49.73	57.77	48.83
2009-10	73.64	61.23	72.80	58.25	59.63	59.88	73.22	59.74	68.69	59.79	66.22	59.07
2010-11	80.23	70.92	79.60	68.68	69.72	69.91	79.92	69.8 <u>0</u>	76.52	69.84	74.66	69.30
2011-12	86.82	80.61	86.40	79.12	79.82	79.94	86.61	79.87	84.35	79.89	83.11	79.53
2012-13	93.41	90.31	93.20	89.56	89.91	89.97	93.31	89.93	92.17	89.95	91.55	89.77
2013-14	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

- 8 Section 11. No Child Left Behind School Consequences. (1) Tier 1 consequences for no
- 9 child left behind improvement schools. If a Title I school is identified as a no child left
- behind (NCLB) improvement school, the local school district shall provide parental
- notification with explanations, required in 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq., including information
- that all students enrolled in the school have the option to transfer, at the district's
- expense, to another public school operated and selected by the local school district that
- has not been identified as a school in improvement. The NCLB improvement school shall
- also write or revise its school plan.

- 1 (2) Tier 2 consequences for NCLB improvement schools. If a Title I school identified as
- 2 an NCLB improvement school fails to make adequate yearly progress in both reading and
- 3 mathematics by the end of one (1) full year after being identified as a NCLB
- 4 improvement school, the local district shall require that school to provide supplemental
- 5 services as required by 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq., and continue to provide services mandated
- 6 in Section 11(1) of this administrative regulation.
- 7 (3) Tier 3 consequences for NCLB improvement schools. If a Title I school identified as
- 8 an NCLB improvement school fails to make adequate yearly progress in both reading and
- 9 mathematics by the end of two (2) full years after being identified, the local district shall
- take corrective action as required by 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq. and consistent with all
- relevant Kentucky statutes, and continue to provide services required in Section 11(1)
- and (2) of this administrative regulation.
- 13 (4) Tier 4 consequences for NCLB no child left behind improvement schools. If a Title I
- school identified as an NCLB improvement school fails to make adequate yearly progress
- in both reading and mathematics by the end of three (3) full years after being identified,
- the local district shall plan for alternative school governance required by 20 U.S.C. 6301
- et seq., and continue to provide services required in Section 11(1), (2), and (3) of this
- administrative regulation. If adequate yearly progress in both reading and mathematics is
- 19 not made four (4) years after being identified as a NCLB improvement school, the
- alternative governance plan shall be implemented.
- 21 Section 12. Duration of Consequences. If a school identified as a NCLB improvement
- school makes adequate yearly progress in both reading and mathematics as defined in
- 23 703 KAR 5:001 for two (2) consecutive school years after the identification, the school

- shall no longer be identified as a NCLB improvement school and the school shall not be
- 2 subject to federal consequences.

This is to certify that the chief state school officer has reviewed and recommended this administrative regulation prior to its adoption by the Kentucky Board of Education, as required by KRS 156.070(4).

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REGULATORY IMPACT ANALYSIS AND TIERING STATEMENT

Administrative Regulation: 703 KAR 5:020

Agency Contact Person: Kevin M. Noland

- (1) Provide a brief summary of:
- (a) What this administrative regulation does: This administrative regulation establishes a single assessment system with two accountability dimensions: one addressing the requirements of KRS 158.6455 to determine school classifications, and a second addressing the conditions necessary to conform to federal assessment and accountability requirements of the "No Child Left Behind Act of 2001", 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.
- (b) The necessity of this administrative regulation: This administrative regulation was necessary to implement provisions of KRS 158.6453, 158.6455 and the "No Child Left Behind Act of 2001", 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq. (NCLB)
- (c) How this administrative regulation conforms to the content of the authorizing statute: This administrative regulation provides specifics for the state-wide assessment and accountability programs as required by KRS 158.6453, KRS 158.6455, and the "No Child Left Behind Act of 2001", 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq., including types of assessments to be administered, grades and content areas to be assessed, weights of each assessment, and details of how schools will be held accountable.
- (d) How this administrative regulation currently assists or will assist in the effective administration of the statutes: This regulation provides the specifics for the implementation of the state-wide assessment and accountability programs which will be applied in all schools as required by KRS 158.6453, KRS 158.6455, and the "No Child Left Behind Act of 2001", 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.
- (2) If this is an amendment to an existing administrative regulation, provide a brief summary of:
- (a) How the amendment will change this existing administrative regulation: This amendment provides specifics on how Kentucky will become compliant with the assessment and accountability requirements of the "No Child Left Behind Act of 2001", 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq., and implements flexibility offered by the United States Department of Education. The amendment also implements changes related to modification of the test design and administration timelines and includes assessment requirements outlined in Senate Bill 130 that was passed during the 2006 Kentucky General Assembly.
- (b) The necessity of the amendment to this administrative regulation: This amendment is necessary to specify the requirements of schools in becoming compliant with the "No Child Left Behind Act of 2001", 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq. and to implement modifications

to the state assessment program as required by KRS 158.6453 (SB 130, 2006 General Assembly).

- (c) How the amendment conforms to the content of the authorizing statute: This amendment conforms to the authorizing statute by specifying the requirements of the assessment programs per KRS 158.6453.
- (d) How the amendment will assist in the effective administration of the statutes: This amendment will provide to schools specifics for the implementation of the requirements of the statewide assessment programs per KRS 158.6453.
- (3) List the type and number of individuals, businesses, organizations, or state and local governments affected by this administrative regulation: Superintendents, principals, teachers, and students of local school districts in Kentucky, and supporting staff in the Kentucky Department of Education.
- (4) Provide an analysis of how the entities identified in question (3) will be impacted by either the implementation of this administrative regulation, if new, or by the change, if it is an amendment, including: The proposed amendment will implement the assessments required to be administered to Kentucky students.
- (a) List the actions that each of the regulated entities identified in question (3) will have to take to comply with this administrative regulation or amendment: None
- (b) In complying with this administrative regulation or amendment, how much will it cost each of the entities identified in question (3): None
- (c) As a result of compliance, what benefits will accrue to the entities identified in question (3): KRS 158.6453 will be complied with.
- (5) Provide an estimate of how much it will cost the administrative body to implement this administrative regulation:
- (a) Initially: The proposed amendment does not result in additional costs.
- (b) On a continuing basis: The proposed amendment does not result in additional costs.
- (6) What is the source of the funding to be used for the implementation and enforcement of this administrative regulation: Federal assessment funds under NCLB and state assessment funds.
- (7) Provide an assessment of whether an increase in fees or funding will be necessary to implement this administrative regulation, if new, or by the change if it is an amendment: None to implement the regulation.
- (8) State whether or not this administrative regulation establishes any fees or directly or indirectly increases any fees: This administrative regulation does not establish fees or directly or indirectly increase any fees.

(9) TIERING: Is tiering applied? (Explain why or why not) Tiering was not appropriate in this administrative regulation because the administrative regulation applies equally to all public and elementary schools.

FISCAL NOTE ON STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Regulation No. 703 KAR 5:020

Contact Person: Kevin Noland

1. Does this administrative regulation relate to any program, service, or requirements of a state or local government (including cities, counties, fire departments, or school districts)? Yes

If yes, complete questions 2-4.

- 2. What units, parts or divisions of state or local government (including cities, counties, fire departments, or school districts) will be impacted by this administrative regulation? school districts
- 3. Identify each state or federal statute or federal regulation that requires or authorizes the action taken by the administrative regulation. "The No Child Left Behind Act of 2001", 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq. and SB 130, 2006 General Assembly (KRS 158.6453).
- 4. Estimate the effect of this administrative regulation on the expenditures and revenues of a state or local government agency (including cities, counties, fire departments, or school districts) for the first full year the administrative regulation is to be in effect. No additional expense to school districts
- (a) How much revenue will this administrative regulation generate for the state or local government (including cities, counties, fire departments, or school districts) for the first year? None
- (b) How much revenue will this administrative regulation generate for the state or local government (including cities, counties, fire departments, or school districts) for subsequent years? None
- (c) How much will it cost to administer this program for the first year? The proposed amendment to the regulation will require no additional cost
- (d) How much will it cost to administer this program for subsequent years? The proposed amendment to the regulation will require no additional cost

Note: If specific dollar estimates cannot be determined, provide a brief narrative to explain the fiscal impact of the administrative regulation.

Revenues (+/-):

Expenditures (+/-):

Other Explanation: